High-resolution coupled climate modeling for hydrometeorology and terrestrial hydrology in Alaska and Yukon

> Yifan Cheng¹, Andrew Newman¹, Keith Musselman² Anthony Craig³, Joseph Hamman⁴ 1. NCAR, 2. INSTAAR, CU Boulder, 3. Contractor, 4. Earthmover

NCAR RESEARCH APPLICATIONS

June 12, 2023, CESM workshop

NSF Navigating the New Arctic Project – The climate impacts on Alaskan and Yukon rivers, fish, and communities as told through co-produced scenarios (Multi-institution effort under Indigenous guidance)



University of Colorado Boulder





Yukon River Inter-Tribal Watershed Council



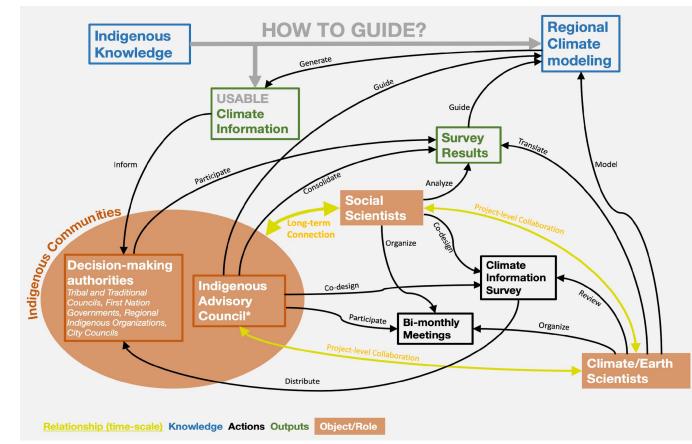
NCAR



- Large increases in temperature and decreases in sea ice
- Increases in annual precipitation and rain versus snow amounts
- Changes in seasonal snowpack
- Indigenous Alaskans heavily rely on the inland river systems for essential subsistence fishing as well as transporting fuels and supplies

Knowledge Co-production

Collaborative mechanism



Co-production requires involvement of Indigenous communities, social scientist, and climate/earth scientists.

Long-term connection between social scientists with Indigenous communities laid the foundation for the collaboration

Indigenous Advisory Council



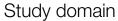
Help the project investigators make decisions about research design, analysis and deliverables

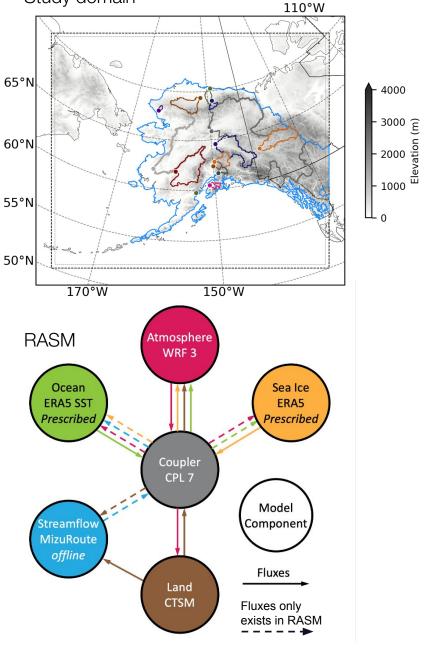
Arctic Rivers Summit

3



In-person workshop to discuss the current and potential future states of Alaskan and Yukon rivers and fish and how we can adapt





RESEARCH APPLICATIONS

LABORATORY

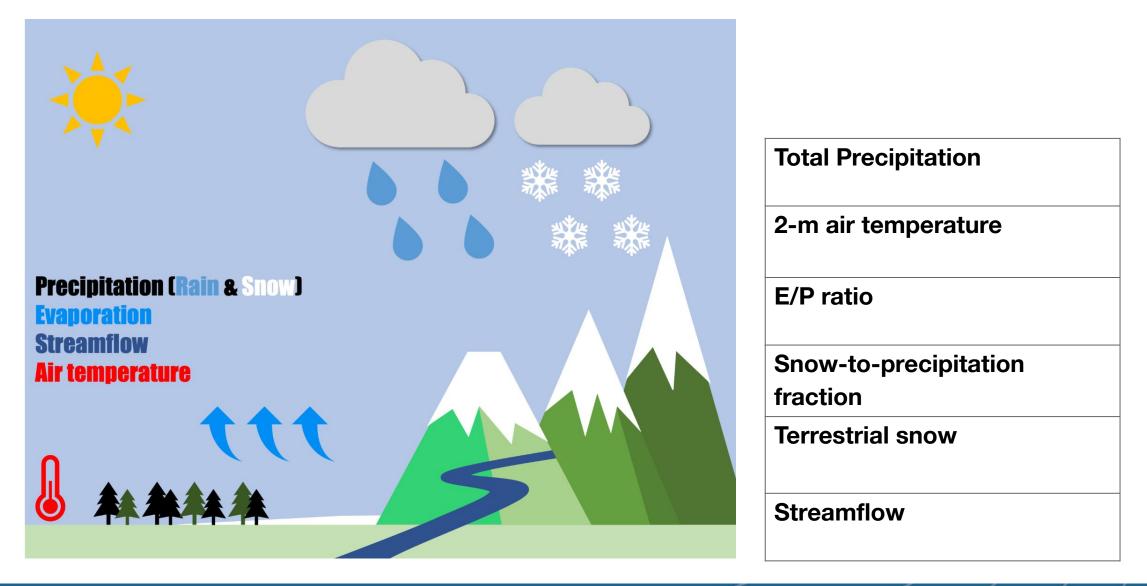
NCAR

High-resolution coupled land and atmospheric modeling

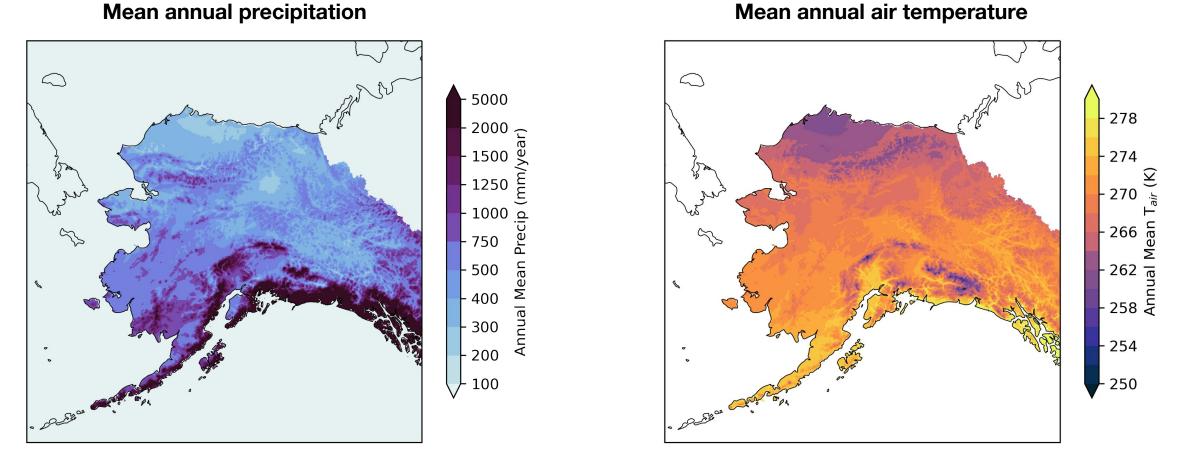
- Regional Arctic Systems Model (RASM)
- Land Model
 - We optimized parameters for CTSM and used them in the coupled run (Cheng et al., 2023)
 - Atmospheric Model
 - Manually test WRF namelist
 - Explore physics options in WRF
 - Make sure that optimized CTSM parameters will not deteriorate the performance of coupled simulations
 - Historical WRF-CTSM simulation for WY1990-2020
 - Spatial resolution: 4km

Cheng et al. (2023) Moving land models towards more actionable science: A novel application of the Community Terrestrial Systems Model across Alaska and the Yukon River Basin. WRR

Examine hydrometeorology and terrestrial hydrology simultaneously

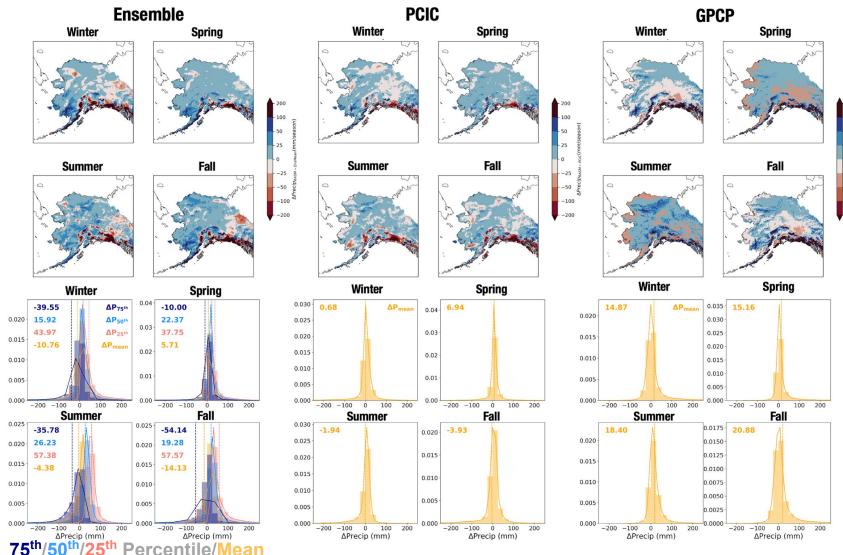


Simulated precipitation and air temperature from coupled WRF-CTSM modeling



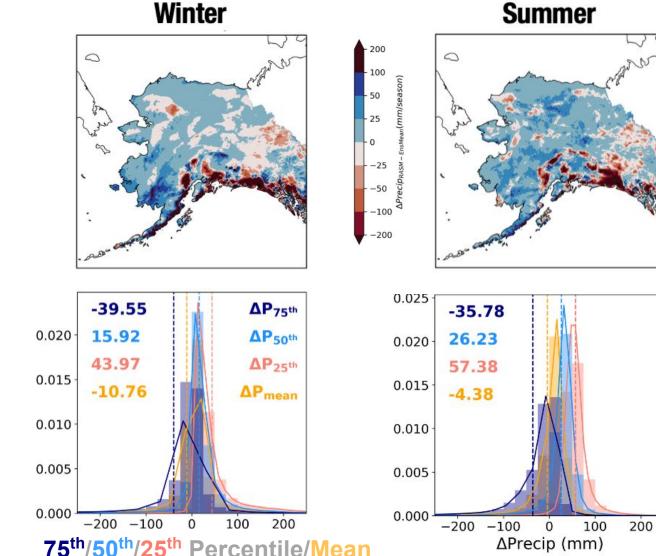
 Plots above show clear complex ridge-valley patterns and orographic impacts on precipitation and air temperature distributions

Our simulation captures the spatial distribution and quantity of precipitation well



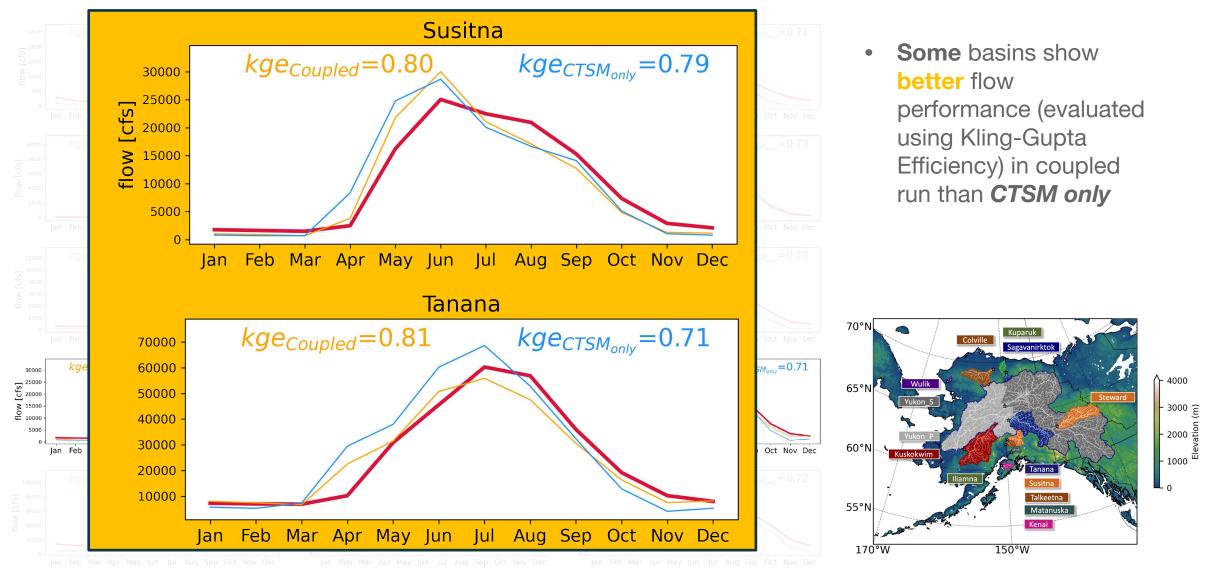
- Precipitation data products shows discrepancies over Alaska and Yukon River Basins
- Our simulation well captures the spatial distribution of mean seasonal precipitation with seasonal biases smaller than 50 mm/season
- Mean regional biases are mostly within 20 mm/season for PCIC, GPCP, and ensemble mean estimate.

Our simulation captures the spatial distribution and quantity of precipitation well

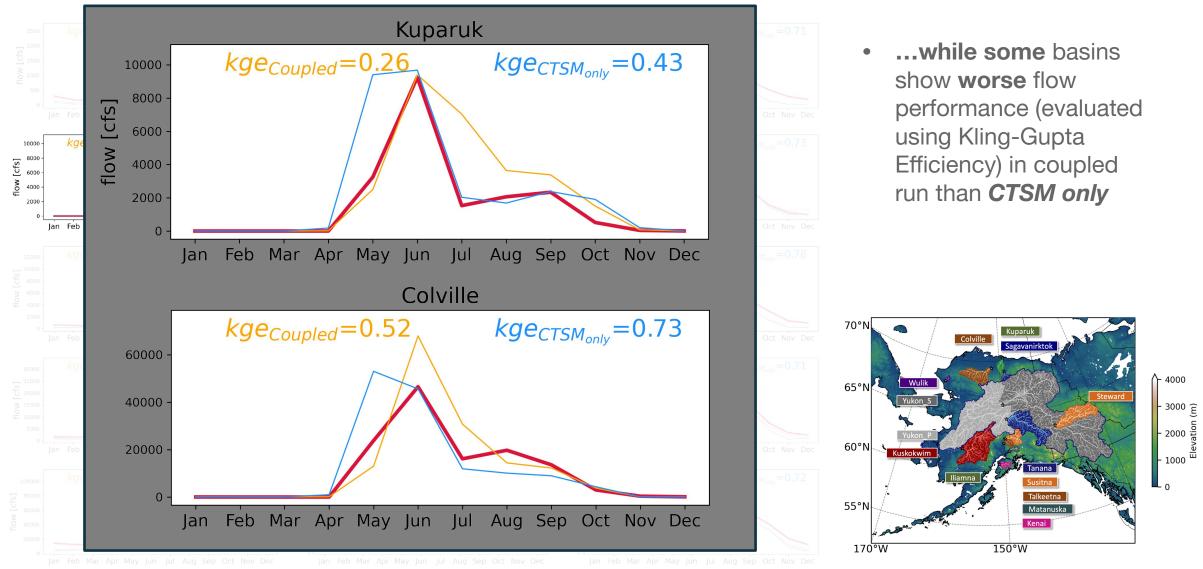


- Precipitation data products shows discrepancies over Alaska and Yukon River Basins
- Our simulation well captures the spatial distribution of mean seasonal precipitation with seasonal biases smaller than 50 mm/season
- Mean regional biases are mostly within 20 mm/season for PCIC, GPCP, and ensemble mean estimate.

Streamflow (Evaluated against USGS observations)

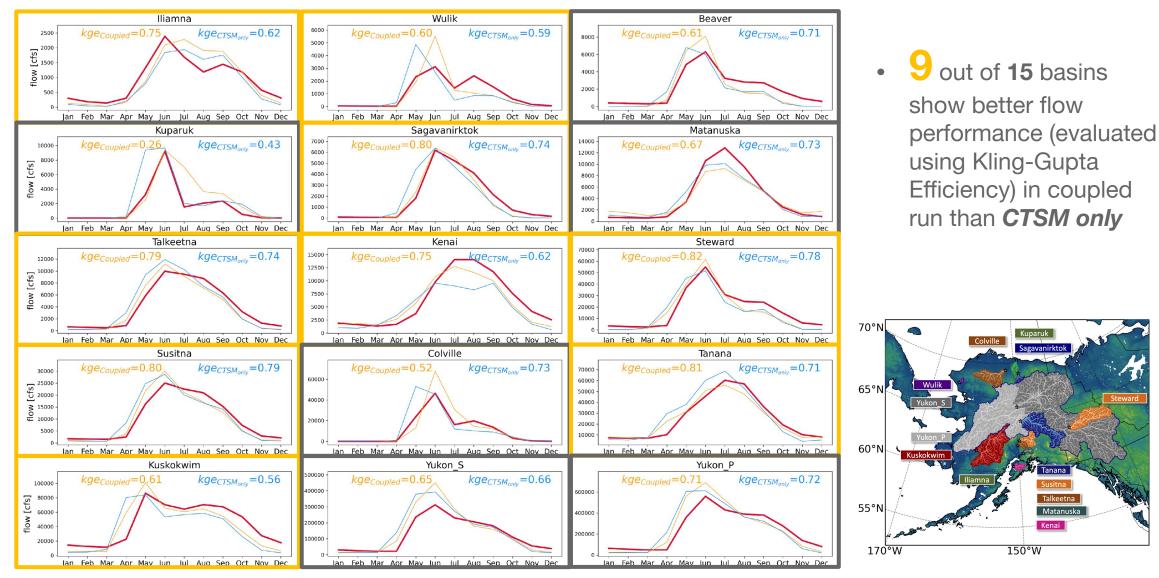


Streamflow (Evaluated against USGS observations)



NCAR | RESEARCH APPLICATIONS LABORATORY

Streamflow (Evaluated against USGS observations)



RESEARCH APPLICATIONS LABORATORY NCAR

Yifan Cheng (yifanc@ucar.edu)

Matanus

11

- 4000

- 3000 Ê

tion tion

Quantify the climate impacts?

Pseudo Global Warming Ongoing - 2 scenarios

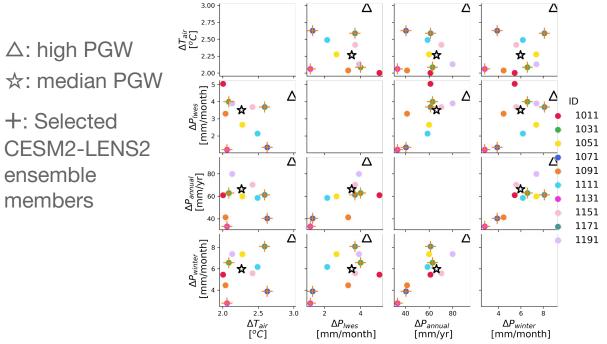
- Flexibility in future scenario design, interpretability, and avoiding biases from GCMs

- We selected two future scenarios, i.e., *median* and *high*, which are ensemble means across different GCMs from SSP2-4.5

Precip (hERA5) Precip (fPGWh) Precip (fPGWm) \triangle : high PGW - 500 - 200 - 150 - 125 100 - 75 - 50 - 40 +: Selected - 30 - 20 ensemble members Projected P (fPGWh-hERA5) Projected P (fPGWm-hERA5) P diff (fPGWh-fPGWm) 20 -10 -15 -20 -30

Dynamic Downscaling - 4 members In Prep

- Better for understanding the changes in weather, storms, and extreme weather events
- Four members were selected from CESM2-LENS
- Derecho ASD allocation (71 million cpu hours)



Takeaway

- We actively engage Indigenous participation in this project to ensure that Indigenous Knowledge is included, valued and protected. Their knowledge also guide the study design and modeling decisions.
- An optimization workflow is designed for CTSM
 - Workflow is available on Github (https://github.com/NCAR/ctsm_optz)
- We are working on making our climate data more accessible back to Indigenous communities.
- We will provide this coupled WRF-CTSM climate and hydrology dataset to the community with variables available from sub-daily to monthly from 1990 to 2021.
- Next Steps
 - Finish up the PGW runs
 - More high-resolution regional runs (Derecho HPC ASD program)



Interdisciplinary Project Team



University of Colorado Boulder



University of Colorado

Keith Musselman Mike Gooseff Cassandra Brooks Noah Molotch Sabre Duren

U.S. Geological Survey

Nicole Herman-Mercer Josh Koch Ryan Toohey Mike Carey Yukon River Inter-Tribal Watershed Council

Edda Mutter

National Center for Atmospheric Research

Andy Newman Yifan Cheng Tony Craig Joe Hamman

Institute for Tribal Environmental Professionals

> Karen Cozzetto Ann Marie Chischilly Nikki Cooley

University of Saskatchewan

Karl-Erich Lindenschmidt

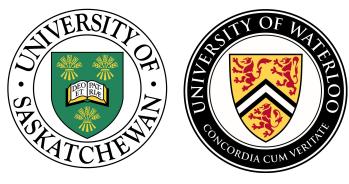
University of Waterloo

Heidi Swanson





14



SHE PEOPLE-ONE AIRES

Yukon River Inter-Tribal Watershed Council