Spectral Radiation Diagnostics for Model-Satellite Comparisons

Jonah Shaw University of Colorado – Boulder 2023 CESM Workshop



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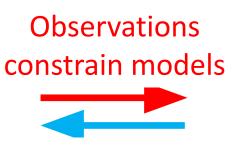
Jet Propulsion Laboratory California Institute of Technology







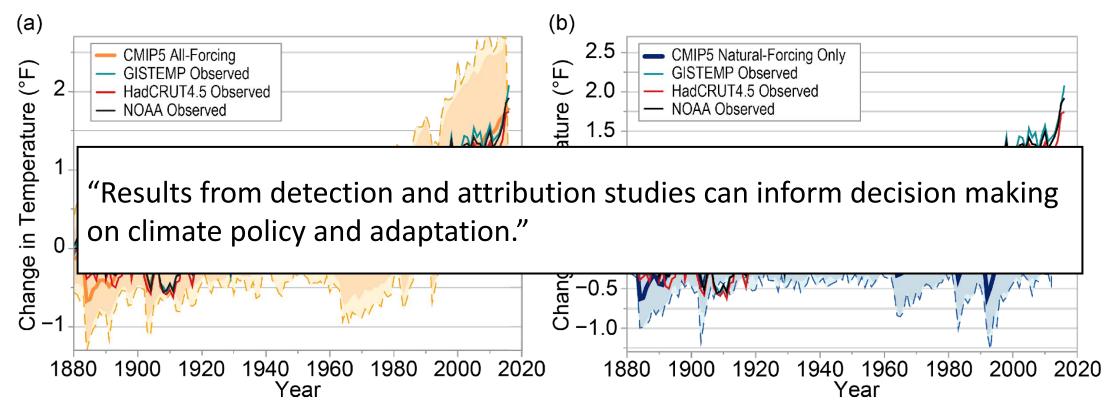
Observations of the Earth System



Models inform observations

Climate Models



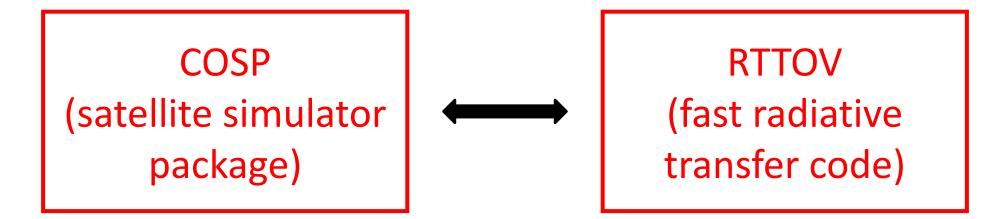


Satellites are a powerful tool for climate change detection

Time-to-emergence of Arctic Outgoing Longwave Radiation Changes

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tem_ Sate		Climate change detection and attribution can inform decision making on climate policy and adaptation.									-						
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Online simulation of spectral radiation fields in COSP and RTTOV



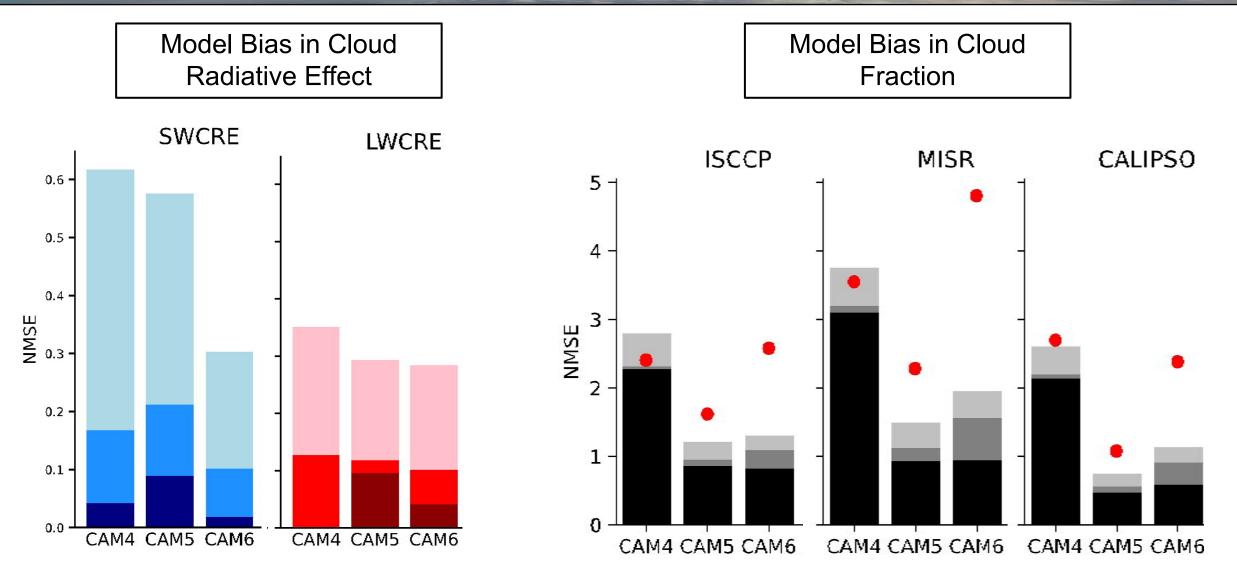
- Trusted tool for model-observation and model-model comparisons
- Already used by CESM and several other model development communities
- Fast, accurate simulation of radiance fields
- Radiances are specific to individual instruments

Milestone	Status
Integration of RTTOV v13 into COSP2	Done!
RTTOV functioning in CESM2	In progress, complete by August 2023
Initial simulations in CESM2	Complete by the end of 2023

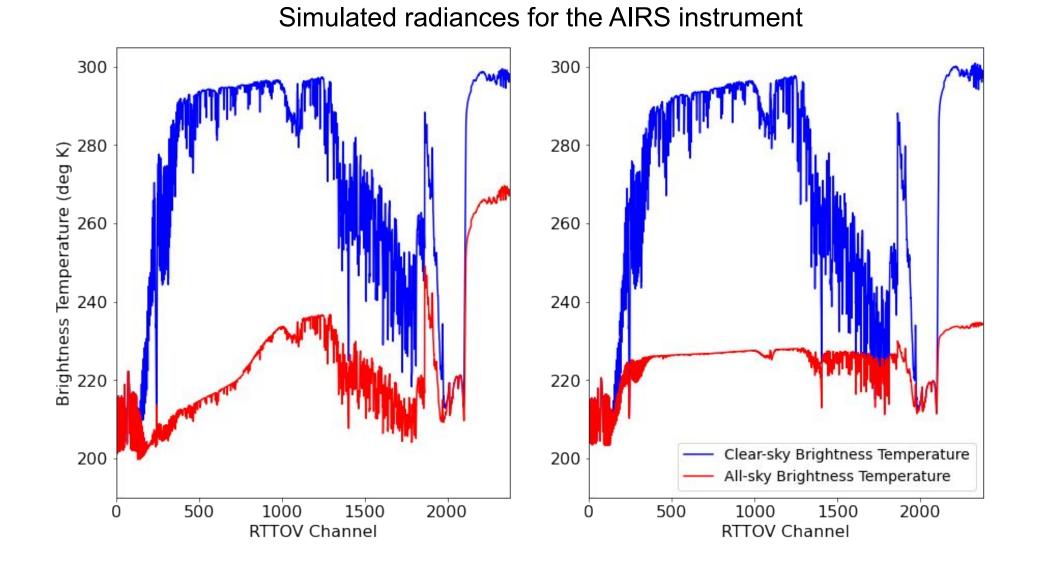
- Like COSP, creating additional model output is computationally efficient.







Medeiros et al. (under review) ⁹



<u>What:</u> A computationally-efficient, instrument-specific, radiance simulator in COSP and CESM2.

<u>Why:</u> To enhance the detection and attribution of climate change using spectral satellite records.

<u>When:</u> Initial CESM2 simulations complete by the end of 2023.

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Simulated radiances for the AIRS instrument

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